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Student: Felia Thys Lesson prep

Lesonderwerp

Grammar: question word questions using the present simple

Bronnen

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- OVSG De gemeente maakt school. (2010). *Leerplan secundair onderwijs: AV Engels Eerste graad Eerste leerjaar A Tweede leerjaar.* Retrieved from https://www.ovsg.be/leerplannen/secundair-onderwijs
- Question Words and Structure ESL EFL Worksheets, Activities and Games. (n.d.). Retrieved from TeachThis: https://www.teach-this.com/grammar-activities-worksheets/question-wordsstructure
- Vragende voornaamwoorden (what, where, when, who, etc.). (n.d.). Retrieved from Slimleren.nl: https://www.slimleren.nl/onderwerpen/engels/12.713/Vragende+voornaamwoorden+%252 8what%252C+where%252C+when%252C+who%252C+etc.%2529

Vakoverschrijdende eindtermen

De leerlingen brengen belangrijke elementen van communicatief handelen in praktijk (communicatief vermogen).

AIMS

Primary/Main Aim:
Pupils can:
 to understand and use wh-question words: what, where, when, who, why, how
Secondary Aim(s):
Pupils can:
spell the question words
 recognize and respond to questions
 read a dialogue and answer questions
 ask about daily routines and facts
 use the present simple tense to form questions



Vormingsdoelen

Language formation:	The students can use the question word questions and the present simple to form questions.		
Personality formation:	The students show respect and listen to each other.		
Formation World View:	 The students know that this is an important grammatical form, and that it is used a lot all over the world (in Dutch and French f.e.). The students learn a city in the United Kingdom, York. Culture: The students learn about emoticons, chat language and Internet language. 		
Learning strategies:	The pupils can use their knowledge to answer a question about social media.		

Leerplan & Concrete lesdoelen

CURRICULUM						
Curriculum	OVSG Leerplan secundair onderwijs AV Engels Eerste graad Eerste leerjaar A					
consulted	Tweede leerjaar O/2/2010/061					
(Complete						
name &						
reference						
number)						
Primary/Mai	Mondelinge interactie					
n Goal(s):						
	85 Kunnen deelnemen aan gesprekken. ET 24 B					
	Kunnen deelnemen aan gesprekken door:					
	 vragen, antwoorden en uitspraken te begrijpen; 					
	 erop te reageren; zelf vragen te stellen, antwoorden te geven en uitspraken te doen. 					
	Dialoogjes beluisteren, instuderen, het resultaat uitvoeren. Het gaat over					
	voorbeeldsituaties, waarvan de leerlingen de taalhandelingen kunnen transfereren naar andere, vergelijkbare situaties.					
	In groepjes van twee een gesprek over 'voorkeuren': aan de hand van een gesprekschema, een vragenlijstje, een woordenschatlijstje, elkaars voorkeur ontdekken.					
	Leerling A heeft het plattegrond van een museum. Leerling B vraagt de weg naar het cafetaria, zaal 10, afdeling X, toiletten,					
	Kennis					
	104 De aangeleerde lexicale elementen functioneel kunnen gebruiken om een taaltaak uit te voeren. ET 35 B					
	105 De aangeleerde grammaticale elementen functioneel kunnen gebruiken om een taaltaak uit te voeren. ET 35 B					
Secondary Goals (s):	Lezen					
	52 De tekststructuur en -samenhang van informatieve en narratieve ET 11 B teksten kunnen herkennen. ET 11 B B E					
	Wijs de leerlingen op de verschillende vormkenmerken die in de teksten zijn terug te vinden zodat ze deze kunnen gebruiken bij de verwerking van de informatie van de tekst.					
	Vormkenmerken: titels, subtitels, afbeeldingen, tekstmarkeringen.					
	Leren leren					
	10Bij het leren van samenhangende informatie een schema aan de hand van geboden informatie kunnen aanvullen.EDV LER 8					
	11 Bij het leren van samenhangende informatie verbanden kunnen leggen tussen elementen van de leerstof. EDV					

Bij een grammatica-item: de leerlingen voorbeelden geven en zelf de regel laten ontdekken. Lezen							
36 Bereid zijn in het Engels te lezen. ET 37* B							
Gebruik moppen	ieuk en motiverend leesmateriaal: leuke teksten, stripverhal	en, raads	els,				

SHORT-RANGE OBJECTIVES

Order of activities with brief description	Short-range objective
	The pupils can
Introduction	ask each other questions.
Warmer Q&A	
	answer a question.
	discuss the different questions used in the
	game.
Presentation	read the conversation.
	read the conversation.
	fill in the information grid about the text.
	give their opinion about whether Helen and
	Philip would be a good match.
	fill in the correct question word questions
	in sentences.
	match a question with the answer to it.
Evaluation	pose questions to their neighbour.
	make a dialogue.

Timing	g Content					Methodology	Materials			
<mark>5 min. G</mark> o	o to c	to classroom, unpack materials, start computer,								
		Introduction								
7 min.	Rev	arme view esent			: F	oerso	n	Simple	 Social media Have you ever heard of the word 'social media'? Which social media platforms do you know? Brainstorm on the board. 	Ball Markers PowerPoint
	Verwijst naar?	iets	plaats	tijd	iemand	keuze	reden/uitleg	manier	 Ask the learners to stand in a circle or just let them sit down on their own seats. Throw the toy to a learner and ask 'What's your favourite social media platform?', eliciting a complete answer. Teacher shows the questions on the PowerPoint 	
	Betekenis	wat	waar	wanneer	wie	welke	waarom	hoe	• Gesture for this learner to throw the toy to another learner and ask the same question. Important: First say the name of the person you want to throw the ball to.	
	Voorbeeldzin	What is going on over there?	Where is my bike?	When do we arrive?	Who is that handsome man?	Which one of those is green?	Why do you like to do that?	How do you know Peter?	 Once some learners have asked and answered the question, throw the toy again with a different question, working through 'Who do you often chat with on social media?', 'What do you mostly post on social media?', 'When do you use social media?' and/or any other questions you'd like to review with the learners. Teacher shows the questions on the PowerPoint Teacher asks the students what they notice about the questions. What are some of the words at the beginning of a question? 	
	Vraagwoord		Where	07.4	Who	1.55	Why	Dutch.	 What punctuation (interpunctie: gebruik van leestekens) do you see at the end of a question? 	

	Social media: forms of electronic communication (such as websites for social networking and microblogging) through which users create online communities to share information, ideas, personal messages, and other content (such as videos)		
	-	Presentation	
10 min.	 Culture: The students learn about emoticons, chat language and Internet language. York: A city in the United Kingdom. Bicycle shed: schuur of afdak, a small building, usually made of wood, used for storing things: a tool/storage shed Shorthand: a method of rapid writing by means of abbreviations and symbols, a short and simple way of expressing or referring to something 	 We talked about social media. Now go to page 142 in your books. Take a look at the text, what jumps in the eye? What do you notice? Do you often see emoticons in a text? What kind of text do you think this is? Who is chatting? Flipper and Yo(u)r(k)Girl. Leesstrategie Take a look at the grid you will need to fill in. Do you often have a difficult time to find answers in a text? What could be a good way to find the answers in the text? Two people are having a conversation online. The teacher reads the dialogue aloud (try to be expressive). Fill in the extra information about Flipper and Yo(u)r(k)Girl on the previous page. Are they a good match? Why (not)? Correction of the exercise. Do you know where York is situated? In the United Kingdom, not in the United States of America (New York). 	Books p. 141-144

10 min.		 Differentiation: Finished earlier? Match the emoticons in exercise 8.2 on p. 143. OR find the meaning of e-mail shorthands in exercise 8.3 p. 144. The correction keys will appear on Smartschool. Teacher shows the two options on the PowerPoint. Correction of the extra exercises. → Teacher refers to 'wh-woorden' (5xW+H: what, where, when, why, who and how). As seen in the first exercise. Teacher refers to wh-words on the blackboard. Tell the students to write this down and mark 'w' and 'h' in the examples! They mark 'Wh' before we do the exercise. Hun aandacht is er nu al op gevestigd geweest en dus gaan de leerlingen het makkelijker onthouden. It is now up to you to fill in the correct question words in the sentences on p. 145. Then match the questions with the answers. Differentiation: Finished earlier? Take a look at the 'Time for a laugh' grids on the bottom of the page. Can you find the correct answer? 	
		Correction of the exercises.	
		Evaluation	
8 min.	Posing questions (= less complex form of 'taaltaak')	 Make dialogues with your partner. Example: A: Where do your parents live? B: They live in York. Provide extra options on a PowerPoint for students that are finished earlier or pupils can change roles. Don't forget to revise the question word question by next lesson. There could be a test next lesson. 	p. 146 PowerPoint

Vertel de leerlingen dat ze de question word questions nog eens	
moeten bekijken, want dat dit getest zou kunnen worden.	

Bordplan 1

Brainstorm	wh-words
	5xW+H: what, where, when, why, who and how

Bordplan 2

Veeg brainstorm weg = extra ruimte om iets te noteren	wh-words 5xW+H: what, where, when, why, who and how
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Extra options for students that are finished earlier.

When?	Why?	When?	What?	Who?
exercise	learn	go to the	have for	play tennis
	English	beach	breakfast	with

How?	When?	Why?
eat spaghetti	read a book	listen to music